

## **Maternity and Neonatal Update** Wiltshire Health Select Committee Jan 18th 2023







Bath and North East Somerset, **Swindon and Wiltshire** 

**Integrated Care Board** 

### **BSW Local Maternity and Neonatal System**

The Local Maternity and Neonatal is a partnership of organisations, women and families working together to deliver improvements in maternity and neonatal services in Bath and North East Somerset, Swindon and Wiltshire.

Includes midwives, obstetricians, service users, neonatal staff, managers, health visitors, commissioners, public health, educators, perinatal mental health providers and GP's

ICB arm for Safety and Quality in Maternity and Neonatal Services

Our LMNS Vision is for all women to have a safe and positive birth and maternity experience and to be prepared to approach parenting with confidence.





Bath & North East Somerset, Swindon and Wiltshire
Maternity Voices Partnership Plus
Working in partnership to improve maternity services



## What do we know about BSW mothers and babies?



• In 2020/21 there were 10,356 births across BSW with 10,311 people giving birth.





The rate of teenage pregnancies in BSW, at 2.2% is below the UK average of 2.8%.

The rate of pregnancies to women over the age of 40 is below national average of 4.6% at 4.3%

Population characteristics by Clinical Commissioning Group (England), Health Board (Scotland and Wales), Local Commissioning Group (Northern Ireland), and Crown Dependency- (MBRRACE, 2020 data), published Oct 2022

Clinical Commissioning Group	Asian or Asian British <sup>§</sup>	Black or Black British <sup>§</sup>	Mother's age <20 years <sup>§</sup>	Mother's age >39 years§	Top quintile of child poverty§	Multiple birth <sup>§</sup>	Born at 24 to 31 weeks§
Bath and North East Somerset, Swindon and Wiltshire	5.7	2.4	2.1	4.1	6.2	3.1	0.9

The shading in Table 50 represents the quintiles of all commissioning organisations:

- 5<sup>th</sup> quintile: highest 20% of commissioning organisations;
- 4<sup>th</sup> quintile
- 3<sup>rd</sup> quintile
- 2<sup>nd</sup> quintile
- 1<sup>st</sup> quintile: lowest 20% of commissioning organisations.

#### Ethnicity and outcomes in the UK



- Fewer babies from ethnic minority groups were born in BSW compared to UK average.
- GWH 19.2%
- SFT 9.2%
- RUH 5.3%
- In 2019 stillbirth rate in BSW below the national average of 3.3% in England.

- In the UK stillbirth rates are more than twice as high for babies of Black and Black British ethnicity.
- Neonatal death rates are 43% higher for these groups of babies in UK
- Stillbirths and neonatal death rates are almost 3 times higher for babies of Asian and Asian British ethnicity in UK

#### Deprivation





Swindon has the highest proportion of births in the most deprived area in BSW with 12 neighbourhoods in the most deprived deciles.

Table 1: Breakdown of proportion of births by level of deprivation in BSW.

Area	% of births	% of births		
	in most	in least		
	deprived	deprived		
	area	area		
UK average	20%	20%		
RUH	3.3%	31.7%		
SFT	2.6%	40%		
GWH	7.7%	30.6%		



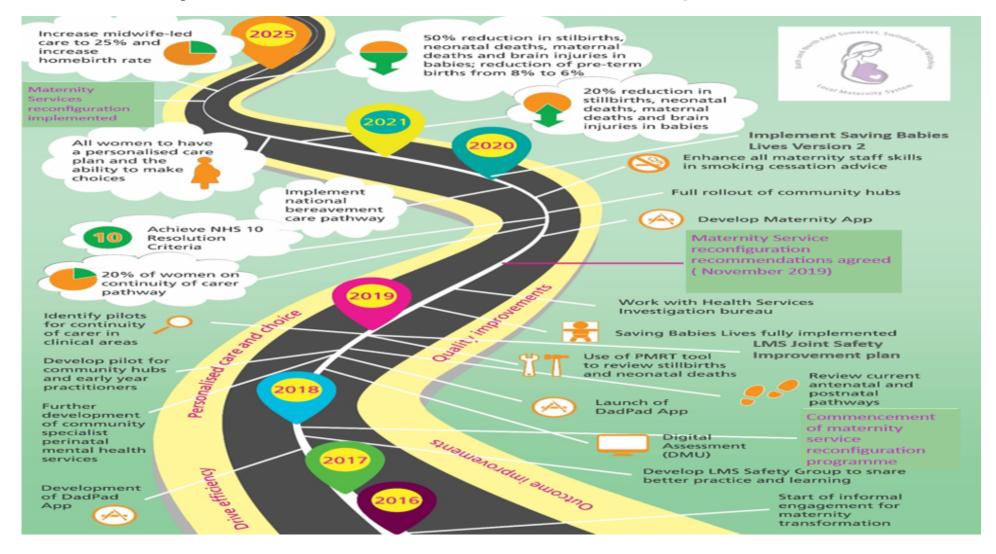
- Smoking in pregnancy is higher among white women and younger parents under 25.
- At the time of birth
- 1 in 15 new mother smoke in BaNES
- 1 in 10 in Wiltshire
- 1 in 9 in Swindon

#### Pre-term Births

Challenge to work out percentage for national target as babies under 27 weeks are transferred to tertiary unit

National target to reduce to below 6%

#### 2018 Maternity Transformation Road Map

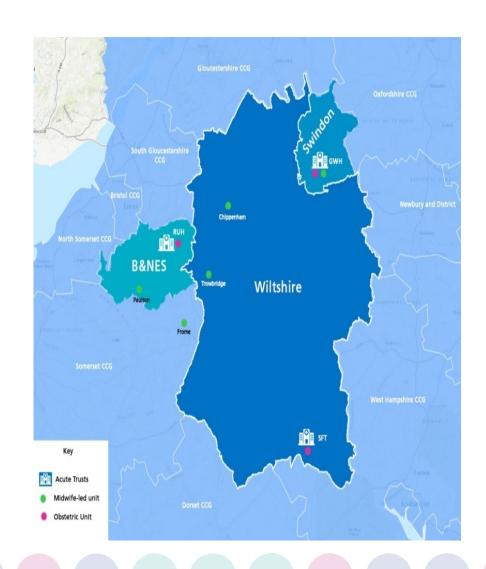


### Service Redesign

2019 Maternity Services Redesign to provide women with parity of access and choice of place of place of birth.

#### Planned provision

- Two rather than four freestanding midwifery units (FMU) providing intrapartum care as well as antenatal and postnatal care
- Antenatal and postnatal care to continue in all current geographical locations in a 'hub' model
- Create two further alongside midwifery units (AMU) in Bath and Swindon to mirror the service already provided in Swindon
- Three acute obstetric units will continue in Bath, Swindon and Salisbury providing obstetric and neonatal services
- Improve and promote homebirth
- Postnatal support closer to home rather than community postnatal bed model



#### **Current Position**

- Salisbury Alongside Midwifery Unit opened 28<sup>th</sup>
   October 2022 providing women with choice of
   home, obstetric unit and midwife led birth
   environments in all three areas of BSW
- RUH birth unit and upgrade of Antenatal Day Assessment Unit design plans drawn up – National capital funding sources will be required



#### **Community Hubs**

- Pilot maternity hub set up in Millstream – central Salisbury area. Other temporary and pilot hubs in Swindon and BaNES area
- ICB models of care being developed – will be linked to maternity pathway and learning from pilot sites



### **COVID** pandemic impacts

Focus on continued provision of maternity and neonatal services during COVID pandemic with modifications to reduce spread of infection

- Included some changes to pathway for face to face meetings where appropriate
- Increased use of technology to support consultations
- Focus on reducing inequalities in outcomes for pregnant women from minority ethnicities and babies from COVID infection
- Resumption of pathways in maternity and neonatal but remaining challenge due to impact on workforce by ongoing COVID infections

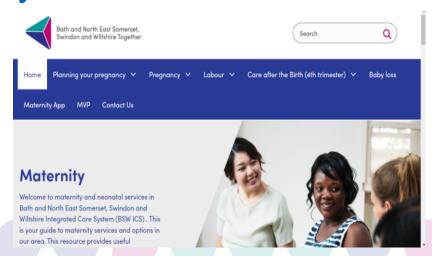


#### **Continuity of Carer**

- Initial plan to rollout Continuity of Carer models of care across all maternity services by 2022
- All services had between 1- 4 teams in place prior to COVID pandemic.
- Ockenden Report recommendation in 2022 to risk assess due to staffing challenges – currently only GWH has 1 team running – Plans in place to recommence implementation when workforce levels improve (national shortage of midwives)
- Workforce workstream focusing on career development pathways to "grow our own local BSW workforce with wide range of recruitment and retention initiatives
- Models focusing initially on areas of deprivation and those with inequalities in health care outcomes

#### Informed choice and personalised care

- BSW Together Maternity website established – continued work to ensure relevant for women and families needs.
- www.bswtogether.or.uk/matern ity



 My Care Hub app- Pilot in progress to support women with informed choice, access to information and sharing of maternity electronic records as part of integrated care records



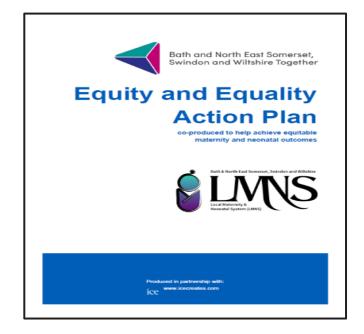
#### Equity and Equality – reducing inequalities in outcomes

- LMNS Equity needs Analysis and Community Asset mapping 2021
- BSW LMNS Equity and Equality Action Plan formulated in 2022

Plan details the rationale for the four key areas of focus and how these map onto the five key national priorities and the steps that will be taken to address them

#### Areas of focus

- Improve data collection to better understand local needs
- 2. Language and communication
- 3. Accessibility to maternity services
- 4. Race equality among maternity and neonatal staff Links in with BSW Inequalities strategy and Core20 +5





# Transformation -Long Term Plan for Health projects in maternity and neonatal services

 Provision of maternal mental health services –psychological interventions for birth trauma, grief and loss and fear of pregnancy

 Treating tobacco dependency and increasing the numbers of smoke free pregnancies and homes

- Perinatal Pelvic Health
   Services to support optimal
   pelvic health to reduce
   adverse health outcomes for
   women
- Provision of Continuous blood glucose monitoring for pregnant women with type 1 diabetes – reducing separation of mothers and babies by reducing neonatal admissions

#### Safety and Quality in Maternity and Neonatal Services

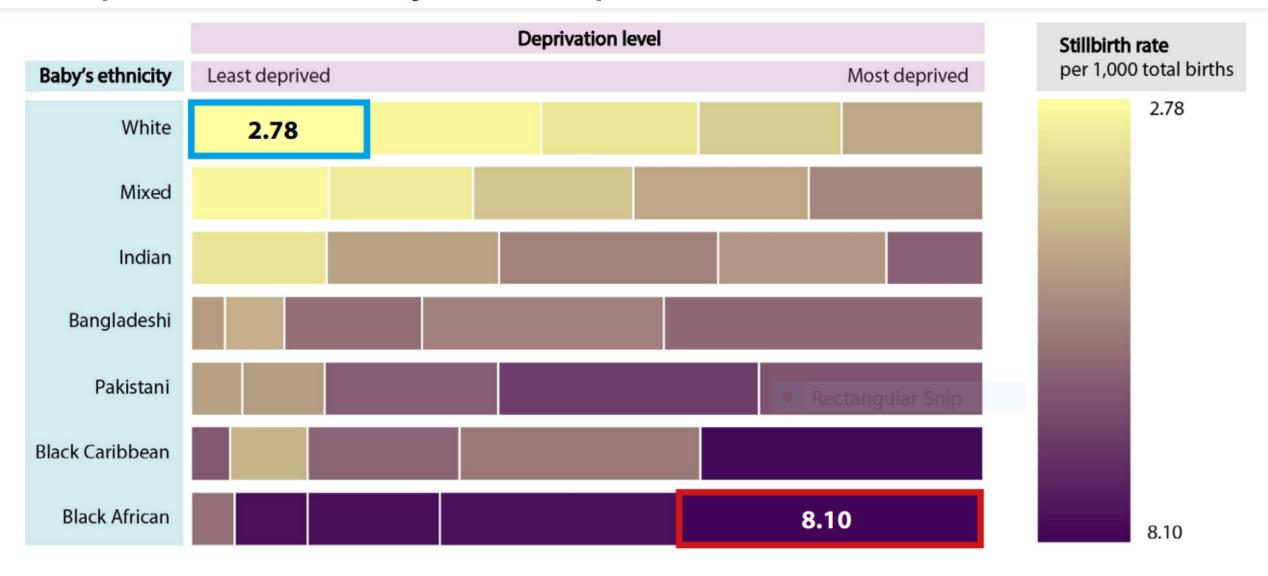
- Perinatal Quality
   Surveillance reviewing women and babies outcomes.
   Reporting as a system into SW and national reporting mechanisms to benchmark and support early identification of any issues
- LMNS safety group review of key safety and quality metrics
- Pilot of Independent Advocate role planned (Ockenden)

- Oversight of national reports and providers responses including Ockenden reports and Reading the Signals report
- Variety of quality improvement projects in maternity and neonatal services including:
- PERIprem optimisation of pre term baby outcomes
- Early identification of deterioration in mothers and babies

#### Final slide

## Any questions?

#### Impact of ethnicity and deprivation on stillbirths in UK



# Impact of ethnicity and deprivation on Neonatal Deaths UK

